el comercio y la inversión



## ATPA:

drug traffic and production development, and deterring illicit Promoting trade, sustainable



el comercio y la inversión

moulsando

# ATPA objective is clear:

The primary goal of ATPA is to promote the U.S. market cultivation and cocaine production by broad-based economic development offering Andean products broader access to economic alternatives ð ano



# ATPA and the global context

- The case of global production drains
- distributed all around the globe have allowed production chains to be split up and be
- greater growth for developing countries Trade does generate opportunities and provides
- ✓In the abscence of a TPA, preferences is a crucial countries element of the trade strategy with developing
- is not small with respect to their economy ✓ Even though value added from LDCs may be small, it



ECUATORIANO AMERICANA

## The context for Ecuador and Preterences

tuna, textiles Into global production chains (v.g. flowers, brocco X that not sinding but rather has allowed litegration

products It has not limited the development of competitive

positive impacts in the US cotton industry certain industries such as textiles, which in turn has  $\checkmark$  It generates value by providing rules of origin for

restrictive: 35% This in spite of the fact that the rules of origin is quite



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#### ATPDEA - A Win-Win Initiative for the US and Ecuador

#### For the US...

#### For Ecuador...

#### Important source of employment alternatives:

✓ 50,000 jobs in Florida alone mostly related to Ecudorean flower imports
✓ For every \$1 spent on Ecuadorean roses \$0.75 remains in the US economy
✓ Over 90% of cotton for Ecuadorean textiles comes from the US generating jobs in Miami, Long Beach, Houston,
Charleston and Savannah
✓ "The main finding of this report is that preferential tariff treatment under the ATPA/ATPDEA has neither had an adverse impact on nor posed a significant threat to U.S. employment." Labor Report 2005

From a Trade Perspective > Has helped diversify Ecuador's export offer

- √ Flowers
- √Vegetables broccoli
- √ Tuna
- √ Textiles indirectly through ruled of origin for exports to Colombia
- > Has allowed the generation of over 400,000 jobs (8% of the Labor Force)
- > Provides @US\$40 million in savings by tariffs
- > Has helped streghthen dollarization

- ➢ Helps reduce emigration trends in Ecuador by providing employment opportunities in sectors beneficiaries of ATPDEA
- Fit has been a very effective initiative to support drug eradication efforts by providing licit job alternatives

✓ Ecuadorean flower workers earn more than Colombian Coca farmers

From a National
Security
Perspective

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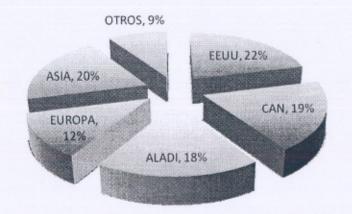


#### The US is Ecuador's main Trading partner... with economies that are complementary

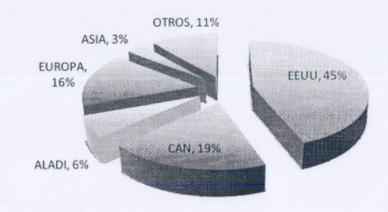
#### **EXPORTS 2006**

## ASIA, 4% OTROS, 7% EUROPA, 15% ALADI, 5% CAN, 16%

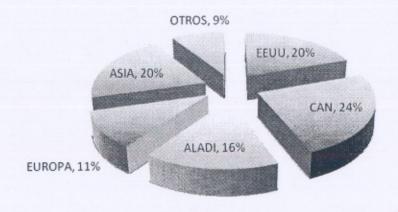
#### **IMPORTS 2006**



#### **EXPORTS 2007**



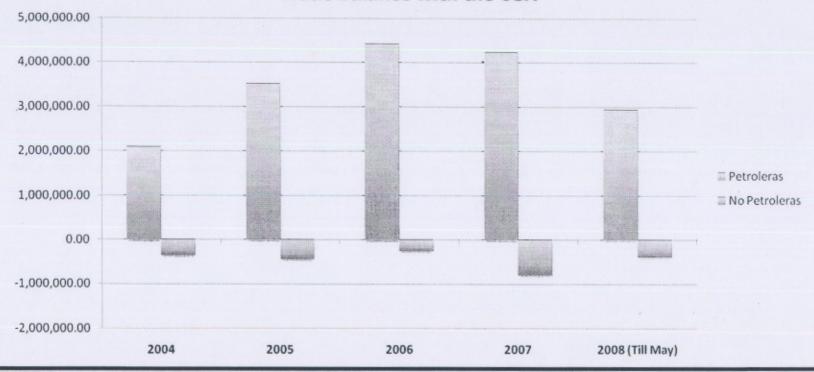
#### **IMPORTS 2007**





## Non-Oil Trade Balance is favorable to the US

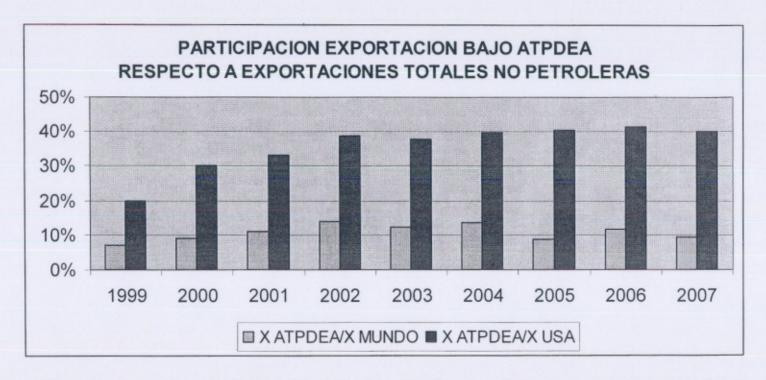
Trade Balance with the USA



With Ecuador having taken during the past year significant unilateral measures to grant access at zero tariff to capital goods and raw materials (over 2,300 customs classified products)



## ATPA utilization has more than doubled since 1999



✓ Fostering investment, trade and employment generation
✓ But short ATPA extensions are undermining its benefits and eroding export performance

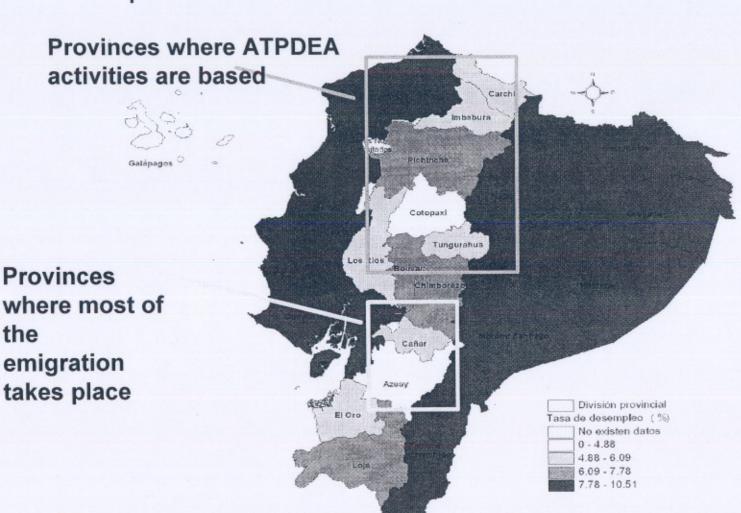


#### And redirecting trade flows to the EU

#### TRADE BALANCE



ATPDEA related activities help reduce unemployment in provinces close to the Colombian border...



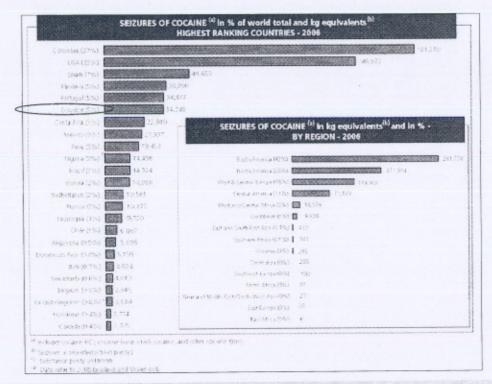


### In addition to Ecuador's world class record in fighting drug traffic and production



INFORME MUNDIAL SOBRE LAS DROGAS OFICINA DE LA ONU CONTRA LA DROGA Y EL DELITO 2008





ECUADOR OCUPA EL SEXTO LUGAR EN LA LUCHA CONTRA EL NARCOTRAFICO A NIVEL MUNDIAL DE ACUERDO INDICADORES DE LA ONUDD



#### Additionally, Ecuador is committed to eliminate the worst forms of child labor...

Highlights of
The Department
of Labor's
2006 Findings on
the
Worst Forms of
Child Labor

The Inter-Institutional Commission for Combating Trafficking in Persons approved a National Plan to combat illegal migration and trafficking, sexual and labor exploitation, prostitution, pornography and other forms of exploitation of women and minors.

The Ministry of Labor permanently hired 28 child labor inspectors who are currently operating in 22 provinces of the country, exclusively dedicated at controlling child labor.

The National Committee for the Progressive Elimination of Child Labor (CONEPTI) was strengthened through the establishment of a Technical Secretariat with the operating capacity to follow up on projects, negotiate agreements, train stakeholders on program goals and make policy decisions regarding inspectors and social controllers.

The National Institute for Children and Family (INNFA) implements several educational programs for working children.



## Conclusions

With the US in the case of Equation AIPA has:

generation (8% of the Labor Force) I Contributed to foster tible, investment and amployment

Employment generation has curbed illicit drug trraffic and production by offering light working afternatives to ecuadorians, all of this at zero cost to the US taxpayer

security interests Emigration has been tempered, contributing to US national

4.Welfare impacts have been positive, both for the US and more so for Ecuador

along the production chains of different industries 5.It has fostered the development of complementary activities



ECUATORIANO A MERICANA